

Borehole

**41-14-03**Log Event **A****Borehole Information**

Farm : <u>SX</u>	Tank : <u>SX-114</u>	Site Number : <u>299-W23-86</u>
N-Coord : <u>35,131</u>	W-Coord : <u>75,720</u>	TOC Elevation : <u>662.84</u>
Water Level, ft :	Date Drilled : <u>3/1/1962</u>	

**Casing Record**

Type : <u>Steel-welded</u>	Thickness : <u>0.280</u>	ID, in. : <u>6</u>
Top Depth, ft. : <u>0</u>	Bottom Depth, ft. : <u>75</u>	

**Equipment Information**

Logging System : <u>1</u>	Detector Type : <u>HPGe</u>	Detector Efficiency: <u>35.0 %</u>
Calibration Date : <u>03/1995</u>	Calibration Reference : <u>GJPO-HAN-1</u>	

**Logging Information**

Log Run Number : <u>1</u>	Log Run Date : <u>7/17/1995</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Gary Lekvold</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>75.0</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>24.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>

Log Run Number : <u>2</u>	Log Run Date : <u>7/17/1995</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Gary Lekvold</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>23.0</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>0.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>

Log Run Number : <u>3</u>	Log Run Date : <u>7/17/1995</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Steve Kos</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>25.0</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>22.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>

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**Analysis Information**

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Analyst : P.D. HenwoodData Processing Reference : Data Analysis Manual Ver. 1Analysis Date : 12/5/1995**Analysis Notes :**

This borehole was logged in three log runs. The pre- and post-survey field verification spectra showed consistent activities, indicating the logging system operated properly during data collection. Energy/channel drift was minimal during the log runs and gain adjustments were not necessary. The pre- and post-verification spectra were used for peak identification during data processing. A third log run was necessary when a data gap was identified from 23 to 24 ft.

Cs-137 was measured intermittently from the surface to TD. This contaminant was detected continuously from about 58 ft to TD at concentrations less than 1 pCi/g. The maximum concentration of about 4.5 pCi/g was measured at the bottom of the borehole.

A casing-correction factor was applied for a casing thickness of 1/4 (0.25) inches.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Reports for tanks SX-113 and SX-114.

**Log Plot Notes:**

Three log plots are provided. The Cs-137 concentrations are provided in a separate log plot to document the relative concentrations and shape of the distribution. A plot of naturally occurring radionuclides (K-40, U-238, and Th-232) is also provided, which can be used for lithology interpretation. A combination plot includes logs of Cs-137, natural gamma, total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the WHC Tank Farms gross gamma logging data. With the exception of scale changes, no attempt has been made to adjust for depth discrepancies or other potential problems in the WHC gross gamma data. The energy peaks from which the radionuclide concentrations were derived are included in the headings for the Cs-137 and natural gamma plots.

The statistical uncertainty in a measurement is represented by uncertainty bars on the log plots where appropriate. This uncertainty is reported at the 95-percent confidence interval. The minimum detectable activity (MDA) is represented as an open circle on the plots. The MDA of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible. If the reported concentration is slightly above the MDA, the 95-percent confidence interval may extend below the MDA value.